



Note: Think and Answer (2) Write the name of the properties wherever necessary.

Name :

Date:

Areas of Improvement:

Maximum Marks	22
Marks Obtained	
%	

Parent's Signature	Parent's Signature

Section A

$$[0.5 \times 10 = 5] + 1$$

Mark the correct alternative in each of the following:

11. Match the following

(i) $425 \times 136 = 425 \times (6 + 30 + 100)$	(1) Commutativity under multiplication.
(ii) $2 \times 49 \times 50 = 2 \times 50 \times 49$	(2) Commutativity under addition.
(iii) $80 + 2005 + 20 = 80 + 20 + 2005$	(3) Distributivity of multiplication over addition.



Section B

[$1 \times 4 = 4$]

Q1. Using the distributivity of multiplication over the addition of whole numbers, find each of the following products:

(i) 736×103

(ii) 258×1008

Q2. Find the sum by suitable arrangement.

$$2852 + 553 + 2648 + 647 + 300$$

Q3. Find the product of 885×94

Q4. Find the value of $1123 \times 648 + 1123 \times 122 + 1123 \times 230$

Section C

[$2 \times 4 = 8$]

Q5.

$$(16 - 8) \times 24 = \dots = \dots$$

$$16 \times 24 - 8 \times 24 = \dots - \dots = \dots$$

Is $(16 - 8) \times 24 = 16 \times 24 - 8 \times 24$?

Is the type of result always true?

Name the property used here

Q6. Find the value of the following:

(i) $54279 \times 92 + 54279 \times 8$

(ii) $60678 \times 262 - 60678 \times 162$

Q7. Find the number when divided by 58 gives a quotient 40 and the remainder 31.

Q8. A taxi driver filled his car petrol tank with 40 litres of petrol on Monday. The next day, he filled the tank with 50 litres of petrol. If the petrol costs ₹ 44 per litre, how much did he spend in all on petrol?



Section C

[$1 \times 4 = 4$]

Q9. Write all whole numbers between 100 and 200 which do not change if the digits are written in reverse order.

Q10. How many 2-digit whole numbers are there between 5 and 92?

Q11. How many 3-digit whole numbers are there between 72 and 407?

Q12. Find the product of the largest 4-digit number and largest 3-digit number using the distributive law.